REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

☐ Written Documentation of a Dispensing Order (written, fax, or verbal order) that includes:
  - Description of the item
  - Prescribing physician/practitioner’s name
  - Name of the beneficiary
  - Date of the order
  - Prescribing physician/practitioner’s signature (if a written order) or supplier signature (if verbal order)

**NOTE:** A dispensing order for related supplies is only required if the items are dispensed prior to obtaining the detailed written order.

☐ Detailed Written Order that includes:
  - Beneficiary’s name
  - All items, options or additional features that are separately billed or require an upgraded code. The description can be either a narrative description (e.g., lightweight wheelchair base), a HCPCS code, a HCPCS code narrative, or a brand name/model number.
  - Quantity to dispense
  - The specific frequency of use (“as needed” or “prn” orders are not acceptable)
  - Prescribing physician/practitioner’s signature (and date if applicable*)

* Someone other than the physician/practitioner may complete the DWO of the item unless statute, manual instructions, the contractor’s LCD or policy articles specify otherwise. However, the prescribing physician/practitioner must review the content and sign and date the document.

  - The date of the order

☐ Physician’s signature on the written order meets CMS Signature Requirements

**NOTE:** Suppliers should not submit claims to the DME MAC prior to obtaining a detailed written order. Items billed to the DME MAC before a signed and dated detailed written order has been received must be submitted with modifier EY.
### Refill Request

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items Were Obtained In Person at a Retail Store</th>
<th>Written Refill Request Received from the Beneficiary</th>
<th>Telephone Conversation Between Supplier and Beneficiary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ Signed Delivery Slip</td>
<td>□ Name of beneficiary or authorized rep (indicate relationship)</td>
<td>□ Beneficiary’s name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ Beneficiary’s name</td>
<td>□ Description of each item being requested</td>
<td>□ Name of person contacted (if someone other than the beneficiary include this person’s relationship to the beneficiary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ Date</td>
<td>□ Date of request</td>
<td>□ Description of each item being requested</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ List of items purchased</td>
<td>□ Quantity of each item beneficiary still has remaining</td>
<td>□ Date of contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ Quantity received</td>
<td>□ Request was not received any sooner than 14 calendar days prior to the delivery/shipping date</td>
<td>□ Quantity of each item beneficiary still has remaining</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ Signature of person receiving the items</td>
<td>□ Shipment/delivery occurred no sooner than 10 calendar days prior to the end of usage for the current product</td>
<td>□ Request was not received any sooner than 14 calendar days prior to the delivery/shipping date</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Itemized Sales Receipt</th>
<th>Shipping invoice</th>
<th>Shipment/delivery occurred no sooner than 10 calendar days prior to the end of usage for the current product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>○ Beneficiary’s name</td>
<td>○ Beneficiary’s name</td>
<td>□ Beneficiary’s name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ Date</td>
<td>○ Delivery address</td>
<td>○ Delivery address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ Detailed list of items purchased</td>
<td>○ A description of the item(s) being delivered</td>
<td>○ A description of the item(s) being delivered. The description can be either a narrative description (e.g., lightweight wheelchair base), a HCPCS code, the long description of a HCPCS code, or a brand name/model number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ Quantity received</td>
<td>○ Quantity shipped</td>
<td>○ Quantity shipped</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Medical Records for all HCPCS codes**

- Medical records verify that the beneficiary has permanent urinary incontinence or permanent urinary retention.
- The impairment of urination is not expected to be medically or surgically corrected within 3 months.
Claims for Coude or Curved Tip Catheters (HCPCS Code A4352)
□ The beneficiary’s medical record documents the medical necessity for this type of catheter.

**NOTE:** Use of a Coude tip catheter in female beneficiaries is rarely reasonable and necessary.

Claims for Sterile Intermittent Catheter Kits (HCPCS Code A4353)
□ The beneficiary meets one of the following criteria:
  ○ The beneficiary resides in a nursing facility.
  ○ The beneficiary is immunosuppressed (examples are not all-inclusive):
    □ On a regimen of immunosuppressive drugs post-transplant,
    □ On cancer chemotherapy,
    □ Has AIDS, or
    □ Has a drug-induced state such as chronic oral corticosteroid use.
  ○ The beneficiary has radiologically documented vesico-ureteral reflux while on a program of intermittent catheterization.
  ○ The beneficiary is a spinal cord injured female with neurogenic bladder who is pregnant (qualifies only for the duration of the pregnancy).
  ○ The beneficiary has had distinct, recurrent urinary tract infections while on a program of sterile intermittent catheterization with A4351/A4352 and sterile lubricant A4332, twice within the 12-months prior to the initiation catheterization with the sterile intermittent catheters kits.
□ Signatures on documents meet CMS Signature Requirements
□ Clinician signature(s) on medical records meets [CMS Signature Requirements](https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/MM6698.pdf)

ATTENTION!
A beneficiary would be considered to have a urinary tract infection if they have a urine culture with greater than 10,000 colony forming units of a urinary pathogen AND concurrent presence of one or more of the following signs, symptoms or laboratory findings:
  • Fever (oral temperature greater than 38° C [100.4° F]);
  • Systemic leukocytosis;
  • Change in urinary urgency, frequency, or incontinence;
  • Appearance of new or increase in autonomic dysreflexia (sweating, bradycardia, blood pressure elevation);
  • Physical signs of prostatitis, epididymitis, orchitis;
  • Increased muscle spasms; or
  • Pyuria (greater than 5 white blood cells [WBCs] per high-powered field).

REMINDERS
• Suppliers must add a KX modifier to a code only if the order indicates the beneficiary has permanent urinary incontinence or urinary retention, and if the item is a catheter, an external urinary collection device, or a supply used with one of these items.
• If all the criteria in the related Policy Article are not met, the GY modifier must be added to the code.
• Claims lines billed without a KX or GY modifier will be rejected as missing information.
• Refer to the Supplier Manual for more information on documentation requirements.
• Claims lines billed without a KX, GA, GY or GZ modifier will be rejected as missing information.
ONLINE RESOURCES

- Urological Supplies LCD
  - JB: https://www.cgsmedicare.comjb/coverage/LCDinfo.html
  - JC: https://www.cgsmedicare.comjc/coverage/LCDinfo.html
- DME MAC Supplier Manual
  - JC: https://www.cgsmedicare.comjc/pubs/supman/index.html

NOTE: It is expected that the beneficiary’s medical records will reflect the need for the care provided. These records are not routinely submitted to the DME MAC but must be available upon request. Therefore, while it is not a requirement, it is a recommendation that suppliers obtain and review the appropriate medical records and maintain a copy in the beneficiary’s file.

DISCLAIMER

This document was prepared as an educational tool and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This checklist may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either written law or regulations. Suppliers are encouraged to consult the DME MAC Supplier Manual and the Local Coverage Determination/Policy Article for full and accurate details concerning policies and regulations.